

Summary of the joint cataloging work

Within the framework of the ArcheON project (ATHU121), implemented within the INTERREG V-A Austria-Hungary Programme, a common cataloguing documentation of the finds excavated at all 6 sites was prepared in accordance with the previously developed common methodological manual and the legal requirements in force. The cataloguing process has succeeded in identifying, dating, describing, and cataloguing the finds recovered from all six excavation sites, with a total of 4074 objects or fragments, 724 item numbers and almost 217 pages. The scientific description of each object has included a description of its material, shape, colour, creation technique, and metric characteristics. A bilingual description of the artefacts has also been prepared, complete with terminology appropriate to both the Hungarian and German language areas.



Inventory of archaeological finds

During the inventory, the finds were not only identified, but also given inventory numbers in accordance with current legislation: each fragment was physically marked with the inventory number (between two layers of plextol with black or white ink, on the bottom or inside of the ceramic fragments, on the back of stone tools, and in case of the metal objects, on the opposite side of whichever surface was to be exhibited).

The finds and archaeological objects were determined to belong in the following epochs and archaeological cultures during cataloguing: Neolithic (Lengyel Culture I), Late Bronze Age (Baden Culture), Late Bronze Age (BzD-HaA), Early Iron Age (Hallstatt Culture - HaC2), Roman Era (1st-4th century), Migration Period (7th-8th Century), Late Middle Ages (15th-16th Century), Transition from Late Middle Ages to Early Modern Period (16th-18th Century), and Modern Period (19th Century). Thus, the finds provide insight into a continuous period of almost 7000 years of this narrow region: from 4800 BCE to the end of the 19th century.